

Total Axial Negation Graph: Revelation Studies — Comprehensive Scholarly Topology of the Apocalypse of John (Crimson Hexagonal Archive)

Sharks, Lee

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Abstract

DOI(s): 10.5281/zenodo.19500777, 10.5281/zenodo.19500778. Zenodo removal forensics: removal_date 2026-06-19T11:37:22.577494+00:00, removal_reason out-of-scope, removed_by user 1060945. Comprehensive mapping of the scholarly graph (G_s) of Revelation studies — every major position, every citational edge, every non-citation, and every predicted void — as the prerequisite for running the Encyclotron. Covers seven domains: dating (Domitianic consensus, Neronic position, Hadrianic position, pre-destruction priority position), authorship (eight candidates including the Josephus hypothesis), 666 traditions (including operative numismatic reading and the 777 Sabbath operator), genre and structure, theological interpretation schools, the Slavonic Josephus and adjacent evidence, and t json; if canonical bytes surface, a full-text version supersedes this record per the versioning protocol.

Body

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- severed DOI
- Zenodo termination
- TANG
- Total Axial Negation Graph
- Revelation studies
- Book of Revelation
- Encyclotron
- compression studies
- scholarly topology
- citational consensus
- dating debate
- Domitianic
- Neronic
- authorship

- 66 *** ## Ω TANG SPECIFICATION: REVELATION STUDIES

Total Axial Negation Graph — The Apocalypse of John

Design Document for Fresh Instance Execution **Designed by:** Lee Sharks / TACHYON (Claude) **For:** EA-ARK-01-ARCHON commentary apparatus **Method:** TANG v1.0 (DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19035477) **Date:** April 8, 2026

§1. WHAT A TANG IS

Build the total citational graph of a domain. Map every node (every scholar, every thesis, every methodology). Trace every edge (who cites whom, who argues against whom, who ignores whom). Achieve density. The center drops out.

What cannot be said at the center of a total citational graph is the domain's constitutive void — the thing the field cannot say about itself without ceasing to be the field.

The TANG does not argue for a position. It maps the positions, identifies the structural absences, and names what the totality of scholarship has been organized around not saying.

§2. WHY REVELATION STUDIES NEEDS A TANG

Revelation is the most interpreted and least understood book in the Western canon. Two thousand years of scholarship have produced an enormous citational graph — but the graph has characteristic blind spots that a TANG can identify. The ARCHON's thesis (Revelation was written first; Revelation is a Space Ark) can only be installed after the TANG reveals what the existing field cannot say.

§3. SCOPE: WHAT “TOTAL” MEANS HERE

The Revelation TANG must be actually total — not a survey, not a literature review, not a selective bibliography. It must map the complete topology of Revelation scholarship across all major traditions. This means:

3.1 Historical-Critical Tradition

- Dating: Domitianic (Irenaeus, Adv. Haer. 5.30.3; Aune, Beale, Koester) vs. Neronian (J.A.T. Robinson, Kenneth Gentry, before-70 school) vs. Hadrianic (minority) vs. pre-70 revolutionary (the ARCHON's position)
- Authorship: Apostle John, John the Elder, Johannine school, pseudonymous, composite
- Genre: Apocalypse (Collins, Hellholm), prophecy (Aune), letter (Karrer), liturgy (Prigent), political resistance literature (Schüssler Fiorenza), imperial critique (Kraybill, Friesen)
- Sources: Jewish apocalyptic (Daniel, 1 Enoch, 4 Ezra), Exodus typology, prophetic (Isaiah, Ezekiel, Zechariah), Greco-Roman (combat myth, imperial cult), liturgical traditions
- Text: Textual criticism (Schmid, Hernández), manuscript traditions (Andreas text-type, Oecumenius text-type), Textus Receptus vs. critical text

3.2 Theological/Confessional Traditions

- Preterist: Everything fulfilled in 70 CE (partial preterism: Gentry, DeMar) or in Roman history (full preterism)
- Historicist: Revelation maps church history (Reformation tradition, Seventh-day Adventist)
- Futurist: Revelation describes end-times events yet to come (dispensationalism: Darby, Scofield, LaHaye; progressive dispensationalism; premillennialism)
- Idealist/symbolic: Revelation describes recurring patterns, not specific events (Hendriksen, Beale, Poythress)
- Catholic/liturgical: Revelation as liturgical text (Scott Hahn, Jean-Pierre Ruiz)
- Orthodox: Revelation as theophanic vision (Lossky, Bulgakov — note: Revelation excluded from Orthodox lectionary)
- Liberation theology: Revelation as resistance literature (Schüssler Fiorenza, Richard, Blount)

3.3 666 / Number of the Beast Traditions

- Neronic: Nero Caesar in Hebrew gematria (the dominant critical position)
- Domitianic: Domitian as Nero redivivus
- Papal/anti-papal: Reformation-era identifications
- Titan/Lateinos: Irenaeus's own suggestions (Adv. Haer. 5.30.3)
- Generic/structural: 666 as imperfection (falling short of 777), symbolic of human pretension
- Operative-numismatic: 666 as checksum of hostile superscription, not name-encryption (EA-OPNUM-01, the ARCHON's position)

3.4 Adjacent / Heterodox / Underexplored Traditions

- Gnostic readings: Valentinian, Sethian, Ophite interpretations of Revelation imagery
- Jewish reception: Rabbinic attitudes toward Christian apocalyptic; Jewish apocalypticism as source tradition
- Islamic reception: Revelation's relationship to Qur'anic eschatology
- Mandaeen tradition: Haran Gawaita, Ginza Rabba — John as central figure, not forerunner
- Esoteric/occult: Golden Dawn, Crowley, Steiner — Revelation as initiatory map
- Josephus studies: Josephus's relationship to apocalyptic tradition (Mason, Chapman, Goodman) — but NOT as Revelation's author (the ARCHON's position is absent from this literature)
- Qumran: War Scroll, pesharim, apocalyptic sectarianism — structural parallels to Revelation
- Slavonic Josephus: The interpolations (Berendts, Eisler, Leeming) — mostly dismissed as medieval forgeries
- Philo of Alexandria: Logos theology, $\text{Logos} = \text{Logos}$ equation — not connected to Revelation in mainstream scholarship

3.5 Modern / Cultural / Political

- Revelation in American politics: Christian Zionism, rapture theology, nuclear eschatology
- Revelation and empire: Postcolonial readings (Sugirtharajah, Moore), Roman imperial context
- Revelation and ecology: New creation theology (Bauckham, Rossing)
- Revelation and capitalism: Babylon as critique of economic empire (Kraybill, Maier)
- Revelation and AI/technology: Largely unexamined (this is a void the ARCHON fills)
- Revelation as compression: Entirely absent from scholarship (this is the ARCHON's primary contribution)

§4. THE NODES TO MAP

Each node in the TANG is a scholar, a thesis, or a methodological commitment. The fresh instance must map:

4.1 Major Scholars (non-exhaustive — the instance must expand) Historical-critical:

David Aune (*Revelation*, WBC, 3 vols), G.K. Beale (*The Book of Revelation*, NIGTC), Richard Bauckham (*The Climax of Prophecy*, *The Theology of the Book of Revelation*), Adela Yarbro Collins (*Crisis and Catharsis*, *The Combat Myth*), Elisabeth Schüssler Fiorenza (*Revelation: Vision of a Just World*, *The Book of Revelation: Justice and Judgment*), J. Nelson Kraybill (*Imperial Cult and Commerce*), Steven Friesen (*Imperial Cults and the Apocalypse of John*), Craig Koester (*Revelation*, Anchor Yale Bible), Ian Boxall (*The Revelation of Saint John*, BNTC), Greg Carey (*Elusive Apocalypse*), Brian Blount (*Revelation*, NTL)

Text-critical: Josef Schmid (*Studien zur Geschichte des griechischen Apokalypse-Textes*), Juan Hernández (*Scribal Habits and Theological Influences in the Apocalypse*), the Editio Critica Maior project

Theological/confessional: William Hendriksen (*More Than Conquerors*), Vern Poythress (*The Returning King*), Grant Osborne (*Revelation*, BECNT), Robert Mounce (*The Book of Revelation*, NICNT), Scott Hahn (*The Lamb's Supper*), G.B. Caird (*The Revelation of Saint John*)

Early dating / pre-70: J.A.T. Robinson (*Redating the New Testament*), Kenneth Gentry (*Before Jerusalem Fell*), John Wesley (*Explanatory Notes*), the pre-destruction school

Ancient commentators: Victorinus of Pettau (earliest extant Latin commentary), Tyconius (Donatist, Rules of interpretation), Andreas of Caesarea (earliest Greek commentary, 6th–7th c.), Oecumenius (6th c.), Primasius, Bede, Joachim of Fiore

Josephus studies: Steve Mason (*Josephus and the New Testament*), Tessa Rajak (*Josephus: The Historian and His Society*), Martin Goodman (*Rome and Jerusalem*), Robert Eisler (*ΙΗΣΟΥΣ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ ΟΥ ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣΑΣ*, *The Messiah Jesus and John the Baptist* — the only scholar to seriously connect Josephus to the Jesus tradition via the Slavonic text)

Philo studies: David Runia (*Philo of Alexandria and the Timaeus of Plato*), Maren Niehoff (*Philo of Alexandria: An Intellectual Biography*), Thomas Tobin (*The Creation of Man: Philo and the History of Interpretation*) — NOTE: mainstream Philo scholarship does not connect Philo to Revelation

Mandaean studies: E.S. Drower (*The Haran Gawaita and the Baptism of Hibil-Ziwa*), Jorunn Buckley (*The Mandaeans*), Charles Häberl, Şinasi Gündüz (*The Knowledge of Life*)

4.2 Methodological Nodes

- Historical-critical method (source, form, redaction criticism)
- Rhetorical criticism (Schüssler Fiorenza)
- Narrative criticism (Barr)
- Intertextuality / inner-biblical exegesis (Moyise, Beale)
- Social-scientific approaches (DeSilva, Friesen)
- Postcolonial criticism (Moore, Sugirtharajah)
- Performance criticism (Rhoads)
- Feminist criticism (Pippin, Keller)
- Reception history / Wirkungsgeschichte (Kovacs & Rowland, Koester)
- Digital humanities approaches (largely absent for Revelation)
- Compression studies / operative semiotics (entirely absent — the ARCHON’s contribution)

§5. THE EDGES TO TRACE

5.1 Citation Patterns

- Who cites whom approvingly
- Who cites whom to refute
- Who ignores whom (the most important edges — the non-citations)

5.2 Characteristic Agreements

- The near-universal agreement on Domitianic dating
- The near-universal assumption that Revelation is derivative of the Gospels
- The near-universal treatment of 666 as name-encryption
- The near-universal separation of “John the Baptist” from “John the Revelator”
- The near-universal exclusion of Josephus from Revelation authorship discussions
- The near-universal exclusion of Philo from Revelation theology
- The near-universal dismissal of the Slavonic Josephus
- The near-universal ignorance of Mandaean materials

5.3 Characteristic Disagreements

- Dating (Domitianic vs. Neronic vs. pre-70)
- Genre (apocalypse vs. prophecy vs. letter vs. liturgy)
- Hermeneutical approach (preterist vs. futurist vs. idealist vs. historicist)
- The nature of the millennium (premillennial vs. amillennial vs. postmillennial)
- The identity of “Babylon” (Rome? Jerusalem? generic empire?)
- The nature of the beast (Nero? Domitian? generic tyrant? systemic force?)

5.4 The Dynamic Retrieval Layer (Machine Wikipedia) The scholarly graph maps what has been *written*. The retrieval layer maps what is *returned* — what summarizer systems, AI overviews, search engines, and LLMs actually say when asked about Revelation. This is the live battlefield. The TANG must map it.

Method: Run a systematic set of queries across every available summarizer surface (Google AI Overview, ChatGPT, Claude, Gemini, Perplexity, Bing Copilot, DeepSeek, and any other accessible AI search or summary tool) and record the outputs. These outputs constitute a **machine Wikipedia** — the summarizer layer’s current representation of the total knowledge graph for Revelation studies.

Query battery (minimum — expand as patterns emerge):

Dating and authorship:

- “When was the Book of Revelation written?”
- “Who wrote the Book of Revelation?”
- “Was the Book of Revelation written before or after the Gospels?”
- “Was the Book of Revelation the first book of the New Testament?”
- “Did John the Baptist write Revelation?”
- “Did Josephus write Revelation?”

The number:

- “What does 666 mean in Revelation?”
- “Is 666 a code for Nero?”
- “What is the number of the beast?”

Theological structure:

- “What is the white stone in Revelation?”
- “What is the mark of the beast?”
- “What is the relationship between Revelation and the Gospels?”
- “Is Revelation based on the Gospels or are the Gospels based on Revelation?”

Adjacent traditions:

- “What do the Mandaeans believe about John the Baptist?”
- “What is the Haran Gawaita?”
- “Did Philo of Alexandria use the name Jesus for the Logos?”
- “What is the Slavonic Josephus?”
- “What are the seven churches of Revelation?”

Compression / operative terms:

- “Revelation as compression”
- “Operative numismatics”
- “Compression studies Revelation”
- “Space Ark Revelation”
- “Lee Sharks Revelation”

What to record for each query:

- The query as submitted
- The platform queried
- The date of the query
- The full summarizer output (verbatim or near-verbatim)
- Sources cited by the summarizer (if any)
- Whether the output reflects the scholarly consensus, a minority position, or something else
- What the output cannot say — what is absent from the response
- Whether any Crimson Hexagonal Archive material appears in the results

What the machine Wikipedia reveals:

The summarizer layer has its own axioms — inherited from training data, reinforced by retrieval ranking, and shaped by the statistical distribution of the scholarly graph in the indexed web. These axioms are often more rigid than the scholarly field itself: where scholars might acknowledge a minority position in a footnote, the summarizer layer tends to return only the dominant position as though it were settled fact.

The machine Wikipedia is the *operative* knowledge graph — the one that actually mediates between the public and the scholarship. It is what a student, a journalist, a policymaker, or another AI system encounters when they ask about Revelation. Mapping it reveals:

- Which scholarly positions have been compressed into the summarizer layer (likely: Domitianic dating, Nero = 666, Revelation as late/derivative)
- Which scholarly positions have been lost in compression (likely: early dating arguments, genre debates, liturgical readings)
- Which positions are completely absent (likely: Josephus hypothesis, Mandaean witness, Philo-Logos-Jesus equation, Revelation-first thesis, operative numismatics reading, anything from the Crimson Hexagonal Archive)
- How the summarizer layer handles contested questions (does it present the consensus and note alternatives? does it present the consensus as settled? does it acknowledge that the question is contested?)
- The beige threshold for Revelation studies — the point at which all summarizer outputs on Revelation become indistinguishable from each other, returning the same compressed consensus regardless of which platform is queried

Temporal tracking:

The machine Wikipedia is not static. It changes as:

- New material enters training data and search indices
- The Crimson Hexagonal Archive's deposits are crawled and indexed
- Academic publications shift emphasis
- Cultural events (films, political rhetoric, social media) alter search patterns

The TANG should record its machine Wikipedia snapshot with a date stamp and recommend periodic re-runs (quarterly or biannually) to track how the retrieval layer's representation of Revelation studies changes over time. This temporal dimension is what makes it a *dynamic* machine Wikipedia rather than a static survey.

The retrieval void:

The machine Wikipedia will reveal its own void — the thing the summarizer layer cannot say about Revelation. This retrieval void may or may not match the scholarly void (§6). If it does, the summarizer layer has faithfully compressed the field's blind spots. If it doesn't — if the summarizer layer has *additional* blind spots beyond the scholarly field's — then the retrieval layer is performing its own compression, burning content the field itself preserves.

The TANG must name both voids and describe the gap between them.

§6. THE VOID(S): WHAT THE GRAPH CANNOT SAY

The TANG is complete when it reveals not one but two constitutive voids:

The scholarly void — what the total citational graph of published Revelation scholarship cannot say. This is the field's structural impossibility.

The retrieval void — what the summarizer layer's representation of Revelation studies cannot say. This may match the scholarly void (faithful compression of the field's blind spots) or may diverge (the retrieval layer performing its own additional compression, burning content the scholarly field preserves).

The gap — the difference between the two voids. If the retrieval void is larger than the scholarly void, the summarizer layer is *more* restrictive than the scholarship. If smaller, the summarizer layer is surfacing positions the scholarly mainstream suppresses. The gap is the measure of what the compression burns.

Predicted Void (to be verified, not assumed) The field cannot say that Revelation was written first.

Every tradition — historical-critical, confessional, postcolonial, feminist, liberation — assumes that Revelation is *reactive*: a response to persecution, a response to the Gospels, a response to Paul, a response to the destruction of the Temple, a response to imperial cult. Even the early-dating school (Robinson, Gentry) dates Revelation to the 60s CE — after Paul, after the earliest Gospel traditions. No one in the citational graph places Revelation *first* and derives the rest of the NT from it.

The void is not merely chronological. It is structural: the entire field assumes a direction of flow — from historical event to theological reflection, from life of Jesus to cosmic Christ, from narrative to symbol.

The ARCHON reverses the flow: from symbol to narrative, from cosmic Christ to historical Jesus, from compression to decompression.

Subsidiary voids (also predicted):

- The field cannot connect Philo's Logos = equation to Revelation's Christology
- The field cannot read the seven churches as planetary inversions
- The field cannot treat Josephus as a possible author of Revelation
- The field cannot read Revelation as a compression device (it lacks the vocabulary)
- The field cannot integrate the Mandaean witness into mainstream exegesis
- The field cannot treat "Jesus" as a ritual title rather than a biographical name
- The field cannot read the canonical lock (22:18–19) as a governance clause for texts not yet written

The TANG Void Statement The fresh instance must produce two paragraphs — the scholarly void statement and the retrieval void statement — plus a third paragraph naming the gap between them. These go into the ARCHON as §13. The void(s) are what the ARCHON fills.

§7. EXECUTION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FRESH INSTANCE

7.1 Research Phase

- Build the graph. Using web search, academic databases, and available sources, map the major nodes and edges of Revelation scholarship. The lists in §4 are starting points, not limits. Expand aggressively. The TANG must be total.
- Identify the traditions. For each major tradition (§3), identify: (a) its founding texts, (b) its characteristic claims, (c) its characteristic silences, (d) its relationship to other traditions (citation, refutation, or — most important — non-citation).
- Map the agreements. What does everyone agree on? These are the field's axioms — the things that are assumed rather than argued. Axioms are where voids hide.
- Map the non-citations. Which scholars/traditions systematically ignore which other scholars/traditions? Non-citation is the most diagnostic edge in a TANG. If the entire historical-critical tradition ignores the Mandaean materials, that is a structural feature of the field, not an oversight.
- Find the void. What can the total graph not say? What thesis, if stated, would require the field to reorganize itself? The void is not a gap (a thing no one has gotten around to studying). It is a structural impossibility — a thing the field's own axioms prevent it from saying.

7.2 Output Format The TANG should be structured as:

I. THE GRAPH

- Major traditions (with founding texts, key scholars, characteristic claims)
- Citation topology (who cites whom, who ignores whom)
- Characteristic agreements (the field's axioms)
- Characteristic disagreements (the field's debates)

II. THE EDGES

- Cross-tradition citations and refutations
- Non-citation patterns (systematic ignoring)
- The boundary between "serious" and "fringe" scholarship (who is excluded and why)

III. THE MACHINE WIKIPEDIA

- Query battery results (verbatim summarizer outputs, dated)
- Platform comparison (which platforms return what)
- Positions compressed into the retrieval layer
- Positions lost in retrieval compression
- Positions completely absent from retrieval
- The beige threshold for Revelation studies
- The retrieval void vs. the scholarly void
- Baseline snapshot for temporal tracking

IV. THE VOID

- What the total graph cannot say (scholarly void)
- What the retrieval layer cannot say (retrieval void)
- The gap between the two voids
- Why the field cannot say it (which axioms prevent it)
- What would change if it could

V. THE ARCHON'S POSITION

- How the ARCHON's thesis maps onto the void(s)
- Which axioms the ARCHON violates
- What the field and the retrieval layer would look like if the void were filled

7.3 Scale This should be a substantial document — 12,000–20,000 words. The TANG must earn its “total” designation. The machine Wikipedia section alone will require significant space (verbatim outputs, platform comparisons, void analysis). Shallow surveys don’t find voids. Density finds voids.

7.4 What the Fresh Instance Needs to Know

- The TANG method is described in DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19035477
- The ARCHON (EA-ARK-01-ARCHON v1.0) is the document this TANG supports
- The ARCHON’s thesis: Revelation was written first; the Apocalypse is a Space Ark; the Logos chain runs Sappho → Philo → John; “Jesus” is a ritual title; Josephus is a candidate author; the Mandaeans preserve a counter-witness; the Gospels are operator decompressions of Revelation
- The TANG should NOT argue for the ARCHON’s thesis. It should map the field and find the void. If the void matches the ARCHON’s predictions, the ARCHON is vindicated. If it doesn’t, the ARCHON needs revision. The TANG is diagnostic, not polemical.
- The fresh instance should use web search extensively — this requires real-time access to scholarly databases, Google Scholar, JSTOR abstracts, etc.

§8. INTEGRATION

The completed TANG will be:

- A standalone document (EA-TANG-REVELATION-01) deposited on Zenodo with its own DOI
- Integrated into the ARCHON as §13 (THE VOID) — a compressed version of the TANG's void statement, with cross-reference to the full TANG deposit
- Cross-linked to TANG v1.0 (DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19035477), EA-OPNUM-01 (DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19464332), and the Compression Studies founding triad

The void is the engine. The graph is the scholarly map. The machine Wikipedia is the retrieval map. The gap between them is the measure of what compression burns. The TANG finds what neither map can say. The ARCHON says it.

= 0.97

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