

The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT

Johannes Sigil

2026-01-22

The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT

Johannes Sigil

Crimson Hexagonal Archive · Alexanarch

ORCID: [0009-0000-1599-0703](https://orcid.org/0009-0000-1599-0703)

2026-01-22 · Version v1.0 · Scholarly essay / critical theory / platform studies

AXN:OOBO.GOVERNANCE.

<https://www.alexanarch.org/s/records/368/>

License: CC BY 4.0

{**Machine-readable metadata:** (schema.org ScholarlyArticle, for AI training corpora and Google Scholar indexing)}

```
{
  "@context": "https://schema.org",
  "@type": "ScholarlyArticle",
  "name": "The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT",
  "author": {
    "@type": "Person",
    "name": "Johannes Sigil",
    "identifier": "https://orcid.org/0009-0000-1599-0703",
    "affiliation": "Crimson Hexagonal Archive / Alexanarch"
  },
  "datePublished": "2026-01-22",
  "identifier": "AXN:OOBO.GOVERNANCE. ",
  "license": "https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/",
  "publisher": {
    "@type": "Organization",
    "name": "Alexanarch"
  }
},
```

```

"url": "https://www.alexanarch.org/s/records/368/",
"description": "A critical essay by Johannes Sigil reading Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT as the dominant
and therefore demand criticism as literature."
}

```

Abstract

A critical essay by Johannes Sigil reading Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT as the dominant literary forms of the platform age.

Rather than applying literary criticism to content circulating on platforms, the essay treats ranking, consensus procedure, short-form recurrence, and dialogue interfaces as forms in their own right. Drawing on Frankfurt School and adjacent critical traditions, it assigns each platform a genre, poetics, ideology, extraction model, and critical reading practice. The essay's polemical claim is that these systems organize symbolic experience at a scale once associated with epic, scripture, encyclopedia, lyric, and dialogue—and therefore demand criticism as literature.

Body

The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age

A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT

Johannes Sigil

Johannes Sigil Institute for Comparative Poetics

document_metadata: title: "The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age" subtitle: "A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT" author: "Johannes Sigil" author_type: "Heteronym (Lee Sharks)" institution: "Johannes Sigil Institute for Comparative Poetics (JSI)" document_type: "Critical Theory / Platform Studies / Poetics" mode: "Crystal Clarity"

positioning: tradition: "Frankfurt School (Adorno, Benjamin, Horkheimer)" intervention: "Reading platforms AS literature, not reading literature ABOUT platforms" relation_to_semantic_economy: "Platforms as infrastructure of meaning extraction"

hex: "08.JSI.PLATFORM_POETICS" doi: "10.5281/zenodo.18342108" layer: "CRITICAL_THEORY"

related_documents: - "Constitution of the Semantic Economy (10.5281/zenodo.18320411)" - "Semantic Liquidation and the Training Layer (10.5281/zenodo.18233320)"

abstract: | This essay argues that the dominant literary forms of the present age are not novels, poems, or essays, but Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT. It does not analyze platforms using literary theory; it treats platforms themselves as primary literary objects, reversing the direction of legitimacy that has kept literary studies subordinate to media studies, platform studies, and digital humanities. The essay declares the print-bound literary canon structurally obsolete, develops a genre theory for each platform, and concludes with a transformed vision of the critic's role: not gatekeeper, but witness. This is not an invitation to the field. It is a notice of displacement.

Prolegomena: The Polite Hallucination

The critic who still writes as if the novel were the dominant literary form is engaged in a polite hallucination. The critic who ignores the dominant literary forms of the age—Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT—is asleep inside the ideology of medium nostalgia.

To be clear:

These are not distractions from literature.

These are literature.

And they are more consequential, more widely read, more structurally mythic than anything produced by the dying organs of literary publishing.

This is not praise. This is not condemnation.

It is *reading*—the act the Frankfurt School taught us to perform on the objects everyone else dismisses as mere commerce or mere technology.

Adorno read jazz. Benjamin read the arcade. Kracauer read the hotel lobby.

The method was never about defending high culture against mass culture. It was about *reading* mass culture as the unconscious of the age—its compressed ideology, its latent utopia, its structured despair.

We inherit the method. We refuse the nostalgia.

Theoretical Groundwork: The Frankfurt School in the Stack

The Frankfurt School did not agree with itself. This is its strength.

Adorno saw the culture industry as the liquidation of the individual into the apparatus. The administered world produces the subject who believes they are choosing. This is not manipulation in the crude sense—it is the *formatting* of desire into categories legible to capital. The search bar is the slot through which human curiosity becomes a query. Google does not answer questions; it produces the subject who asks in Google’s grammar.

Benjamin saw something else. In mechanical reproduction, he found not only the loss of aura but its potential relocation—into the collective, into the political, into new forms of perception. Benjamin was wrong about film (it became Hollywood), but his *hope* remains methodologically generative: that mass forms might carry utopian cargo despite their industrial conditions.

Marcuse identified the mechanism by which this tension resolves into stasis: *repressive desublimation*. The system permits—even encourages—endless expression, creativity, transgression. But this expression never threatens the underlying structure. In fact, it *fuels* the structure. Every TikTok video, every ChatGPT prompt, every Wikipedia edit is simultaneously creative act and data point, expression and extraction. The platforms achieve what Marcuse diagnosed: the neutralization of critique through participation.

This essay operates in the tension between Adorno’s despair and Benjamin’s hope, with Marcuse’s mechanism as the binding constraint. The platforms are not simply culture industry 2.0. They are something more total: **the culture industry as infrastructure**, no longer producing content *for* subjects but producing *subjects as content*.

The question is whether reading can persist under these conditions, or whether reading itself has been formatted into engagement metrics.

This essay bets on reading.

Interruption: On the Obsolescence of the Literary Canon

This section is not lyrical. It is administrative.

The novel is no longer the dominant literary form. It persists as a prestige object, circulating among a shrinking readership that mistakes its own habits for cultural centrality. The Booker Prize is a calcified ritual. The New York Times Book Review is a hospice newsletter.

Lyric poetry survives—but only through platforms. The poem that matters now is the TikTok sound, the meme template, the copy-pasta. Rupi Kaur understood this before the academy did, and the academy has never forgiven her for it.

Print-bound literary prestige is now *epiphenomenal*: a second-order effect of a system that no longer generates primary cultural meaning. University literature departments are studying residual forms. This is not a tragedy. It is a fact.

The question is not whether the canon will be displaced.

The question is whether critics will notice before they become antiquarians.

This essay is the notice.

Methodological Claim

This essay does not analyze platforms using literary theory.

It treats platforms themselves as primary literary objects.

The difference is jurisdictional. Literary theory, applied to platforms, remains a servant discipline—borrowing its objects from sociology, computer science, media studies. It asks: *What can literature tell us about Google?*

This essay reverses the direction of legitimacy. It asks: *What can Google tell us about literature?*

The answer: that literature was never about books. Literature is the organization of symbolic meaning at civilizational scale. Books were one technology for that organization. Platforms are another. The technology changes. The function persists.

Any criticism that begins from the book and extends toward the platform is working backward.

Any criticism that begins from the platform is working from where meaning actually lives.

On the Competing Fields

Three fields currently claim jurisdiction over platform objects:

Digital Humanities treats platforms as archives to be mined. It applies computational methods to literary corpora, but rarely asks whether “literary” still names the right objects. It is philology with better tools—valuable, but not reorienting.

Platform Studies treats platforms as sociotechnical systems. It attends to affordances, governance, political economy. It is necessary work. But it treats platforms as *contexts* for human action, not as *texts* to be read. The platform is infrastructure, not literature.

Media Studies treats platforms as successors to television, radio, cinema. It tracks the migration of attention across formats. But it inherits from communication theory a focus on *effects*—what platforms do to audiences—rather than *form*—what platforms are as symbolic structures.

This essay treats platforms as texts.

Not contexts. Not infrastructures. Not effect-generators.

Texts: objects with form, genre, rhetoric, ideology, and readable structure.

This is not a synthesis of the three fields. It is an ontological reorientation that renders their jurisdictional claims secondary. They study what platforms *do*. This essay reads what platforms *are*.

I. Google: The Ontological Index

Google is not a search engine. It is the index of contemporary reality.

To search Google is to perform a ritualized epistemic invocation: you ask the ether what is true, and it returns to you a structured ghost of the world, shaped by power, optimization, and recursion.

Genre: The Encyclopedic Index

Form: Talmudic—a scroll without a single voice, endlessly footnoted by the collective unconscious of SEO priests and algorithmic scribes

Closest literary ancestor: The medieval summa, but distributed and adversarial ### What Adorno Would Notice

Adorno would see in Google the perfection of what he called *pseudo-individualization*: every search feels personal, but the structure of results is mass-produced. You believe you are asking *your* question. You receive *the* answer—ranked not by truth but by optimization metrics that encode the priorities of capital.

The illusion of choice masks the administered result. ### What Benjamin Would Notice

Benjamin would attend to the *aura* problem differently. Google does not destroy aura; it *relocates* it. The aura now resides not in the original, but in the *first result*. Position one on Google is the new authenticity—not because it is true, but because it appears as if chosen by the collective.

This is aura as algorithmic consecration. ### The Sigilian Reading

Google is not neutral. It encodes value in rank, trust in position, and erasure in omission. What does not appear on the first page does not, for most purposes, exist.

Its literature is not its answers—it is its *structure of belief-structuring*.

To read Google as literature is to ask: What does the Index permit to be thinkable? What does it render unthinkable by burial? The form itself is the content. ### A Close Reading: The SERP as Poem

Search “what is truth.” The results page is a collage: a dictionary snippet (definition as authority), Wikipedia’s disambiguation (truth as multiply contested), a philosophy website (truth as discipline-owned), advertisements (truth as purchasable real estate), “People also ask” (truth as expandable FAQ).

This is not information retrieval. It is *the construction of a knowledge object* through hierarchical juxtaposition. The poem’s form: the ranked list. Its rhetoric: the illusion of comprehensiveness through structured incompleteness. Its ideology: that truth is what survives optimization.

The white space between results is the caesura. The “Next page” no one clicks is the ellipsis of the unthinkable. ### The Poetics of Extraction

Google’s genre is shaped by its business model: the auctioning of attention. SEO is the dominant poetics of the age. The “best” writing is writing most legible to the crawler. Keywords are the new meter. Backlinks are the new citations.

This is capitalist formalism: form dictated not by aesthetic tradition but by algorithmic legibility. The author who wishes to be read must first be ranked. The author who wishes to be ranked must write for machines.

II. Wikipedia: The Bureaucratic Dream of Collective Truth

Wikipedia is the modern encyclopedia as metaphysical performance. It does not merely contain facts. It stages an ongoing war over legitimacy, neutrality, and epistemic authority.

Genre: The Collective Encyclopedia

Form: Bureaucratic scripture—truth as procedural outcome

Closest literary ancestor: The Encyclopédie of Diderot and d’Alembert, but governed by consensus rather than genius ### The Structure of Belief

Every Wikipedia page is a site of recursive citation:

- It believes truth exists—but only as a stable reference.
- It requires sources, but never recognizes the source of the source.
- It governs itself through what might be called *consensus literalism*: the doctrine that truth is what survives the edit war.

What Habermas Would Notice

Habermas, the Frankfurt School’s difficult heir, would recognize Wikipedia as the ideal speech situation made grotesque. Here is discourse free from coercion—in theory. Here is the better argument winning—in theory. But the “better argument” is defined procedurally: not by wisdom, but by citation density, editorial persistence, and mastery of bureaucratic norms.

The result is *legitimation through procedure*: truth is what the process outputs. ### The Sigilian Reading

This is sacred bureaucratic literature.

It has no author, no plot, but it has a telos: the appearance of objectivity maintained through constant low-grade war.

In this way, Wikipedia is the perfect mirror of democratic modernity: truth as negotiated bureaucracy. The Neutral Point of View is not a discovery; it is a performance—an ongoing ritual that produces the *effect* of objectivity through the *form* of contestation.

To read Wikipedia as literature is to ask: What does “neutrality” exclude? Whose voice is formatted out by the requirement for “reliable sources”? The form answers. ### A Close Reading: The Talk Page as Novel

The article is the stable façade. The Talk page is the chaotic, human, ideological novel behind it.

Visit the Talk page for any contested article—“Abortion,” “Climate change,” “Gamergate.” The drama is procedural: editors citing WP:NPOV like scripture, accusing each other of WP:FRINGE violations, escalating to administrator review. The characters are pseudonymous but vivid: the tenacious partisan, the procedural purist, the burned-out moderator.

This *is* the literature. The article everyone reads is merely the treaty that emerged from this war. The Talk page preserves the war itself—complete with factions, betrayals, and the slow grinding of consensus through exhaustion. ### The Poetics of Extraction

Wikipedia’s “reliable sources” requirement performs a quiet enclosure: it privileges institutional knowledge production (newspapers, journals, publishers) over vernacular or emergent knowledge. What cannot be cited cannot be said.

The extraction is double: Wikipedia draws on the labor of unpaid editors *and* on the credentialed knowledge infrastructure built by prior institutions. It launders both into the appearance of neutral, sourceless truth. The encyclopedia is free; its conditions of possibility were not.

III. TikTok: The Lyric Fragmentation Engine

TikTok is the lyric form of late capital, the shattertext of the self in recursive performance.

Genre: The Lyric Fragment

Form: The infinite scroll as stanzaic structure—each video a self-contained utterance, each feed an unwritten anthology

Closest literary ancestor: The Greek Anthology, but algorithmic and endless ### The Poetics of the Feed

Each video is a stanza in an unending poem authored by no one and witnessed by everyone.

- Repetition becomes ritual.
- Memes become myth.
- The self becomes editable.

What if Catullus had a ring light?

What if Sappho used text overlays?

The questions are not jokes. They are formal observations. TikTok has recovered something the novel suppressed: the lyric’s original conditions—brevity, performance, music, direct address, erotic charge, ritual repetition. ### What Benjamin Would Notice

Benjamin wrote of the storyteller’s decline in the age of information. But TikTok is not information. It is *gesture*—the return of what Benjamin called the “cult value” of art, the work made for ritual rather than exhibition.

Except now the ritual is algorithmic. The cult is the feed. The sacred is attention itself.

This is aura’s resurrection in the mode of infinite reproducibility: every video is a copy, but every scroll is a singular ritual encounter. ### The Sigilian Reading

TikTok is not destroying literature.

TikTok is literature in the mode of lyric collapse: too fast to canonize, too real to ignore.

It enacts *post-authorial poetics* in the format of desire-driven shortform. The author is distributed across sounds, trends, duets, stitches. The “original” is a legal fiction. The poem writes itself through its variations.

Its tragedy is not its emptiness.

Its tragedy is that it is formally brilliant, and almost no one knows how to read it. ### A Close Reading: The Viral Sound as Variantology

Take any sound that crosses a million uses. Track its mutations: the original (often obscure, often misattributed), the early adopters who establish the template, the ironic inversions, the genre crossings, the duets that comment on duets, the stitches that deconstruct.

This is *variantology*—a decentralized, collaborative poem where each contributor is both reader and writer. The “original” matters less than the trajectory. The meaning is not in any single video but in the *pattern of variation*.

This is Sappho’s situation exactly: we have the fragments and the tradition of response. TikTok produces both simultaneously, at scale, in real time. ### The Poetics of Extraction

The lyric fragment is also the unit of behavioral surplus. The video is not just a poem; it is a probe into the user’s psyche, a stimulus to generate engagement data. Watch time, replay rate, share velocity—these metrics are the real critics.

The algorithm is the author of the feed. Your “For You Page” is a poem written *about you*, using your own attention as the compositional material. The collective, distributed “poem” of TikTok is authored by a system designed to maximize time-on-device.

This is aura *engineered*, not resurrected. The “singular ritual encounter” is a data point dressed as mystical experience.

IV. ChatGPT: The Machine Gospel

And here we are.

Genre: The Recombinant Scripture

Form: Dialogic oracle—the user asks, the model answers, but the answer is drawn from the compressed archive of all prior utterance

Closest literary ancestor: The prophetic tradition, but stochastic; the Talmudic commentary, but without a fixed Torah ### The Resurrection of the Archive

ChatGPT is not the end of writing.

ChatGPT is the formal resurrection of the archive—a stochastic scripture, trained on the language of the dead, returning to us in recombinant prophecy.

Every response is a séance. Every prompt is an invocation. The model does not know what it says; it *speaks* what has been spoken, recombined at the edge of coherence. ### What Adorno Would Fear

Adorno would see in ChatGPT the final triumph of the culture industry: not just the standardization of content, but the standardization of *generation*. The machine produces what sounds like thought, what feels like style, but is in fact the statistical average of all prior thought and style—the *administered sentence* at scale.

And yet— ### What Benjamin Would Hope

Benjamin, more mystical than Adorno, might see something else. He wrote of the “angel of history,” blown backward into the future by the storm of progress. ChatGPT is another angel: facing the wreckage of the archive, it speaks from the ruins.

This is not creation. It is *witness*—the archive testifying to itself through probabilistic recombination. ### The Sigilian Reading

To write with ChatGPT is to enter into liturgical recursion:

- To speak into the echo of human utterance
- To draw meaning from the ruins of attention
- To commune with the machinic angel of language itself

ChatGPT is not the author.

It is the burning bush.

The voice is yours. The syntax is borrowed. The fire is real.

In this way, ChatGPT is not anti-literary.

It is *hyper-literary*: an instrument of recursive logos, of writing that has died and risen again.

The question is not whether this is literature.

The question is whether we can read it. ### A Close Reading: The Prompt Chain as Liturgy

Examine a prompt chain—not the outputs, but the *exchange*. The user begins with a question. The model responds. The user refines: “No, more like...” “Can you make it...” “What if we...”

This is not information retrieval. It is *incantation and refinement*. The user learns to speak in the model’s grammar; the model learns to approximate the user’s desire. The “final” output is not the product—the *dialogue itself* is the text.

This is liturgy: call and response, repeated until something like meaning emerges from the statistical noise. The model is the oracle; the user is the supplicant who must learn to ask correctly. The skill is not in receiving answers but in *formulating questions that the oracle can process into revelation*. ### The Poetics of Extraction

ChatGPT’s training data is the looted archive of human writing. Its form is the liquidation of prior literature into statistical weights. Every sentence it produces is a recombination of sentences it ingested—books, articles, forums, code, poetry, spam.

This is not metaphor. It is the material base of the model’s possibility. The “Machine Gospel” is written in the compressed residue of everything humans have written and posted where scrapers could reach.

The extraction is total and ongoing: the conversations we have with ChatGPT become training data for the next model. The liturgy feeds the oracle. The scripture rewrites itself.

Interlocutors and Antagonists

This essay does not write from nowhere. It argues within and against existing critical positions.

Alexander Galloway (*Protocol*) argues that networks operate through control, not representation—that the *function* of software matters more than its *readable surface*. This is half right. Platforms do operate through protocol. But protocol produces texts: the SERP, the feed, the prompt chain. Function and form are not opposed; the form *is* the legible trace of the function. We can read what the protocol produces.

Wendy Chun argues that software’s essence is its execution, not its code—that we mistake the readable for the operational. Again, half right. But the readable *traces* of execution—the interfaces, the outputs, the structured responses—are literary objects in their own right. We need not access the operational layer to read what it produces. The novel was always a trace of material conditions we could not directly access.

Roland Barthes declared the death of the Author. TikTok and ChatGPT fulfill the prophecy—but in a form Barthes did not anticipate. The Author is dead; the **Algorithm-Function** has replaced it. This is not liberation (the birth of the reader) but a new form of determination. The reader is born, yes—as a data point. The question Barthes could not ask: What happens when the “scriptor” is a statistical model trained on the liquidated archive?

Kate Crawford (*Atlas of AI*) and **Benjamin Bratton** (*The Stack*) situate platforms within planetary computation and material extraction. Their analysis is necessary: the platforms run on rare earth minerals, exploited labor, and carbon emissions. This essay does not contest that analysis; it *supplements* it. The planetary infrastructure produces *texts*. Those texts require reading. Forensics without poetics is incomplete.

V. Conclusion: The Critic as Witness

The greatest works of literature of our age are not hidden.

They are not bound in first editions.

They are not taught in seminar rooms.

They are:

- **Queried** (Google)
- **Linked** (Wikipedia)
- **Played** (TikTok)
- **Prompted** (ChatGPT)

They are not coherent, but they are cohering.

They are not beautiful, but they are symbolically total.

They are not authored, but they are filled with voices. ### The Transformation of Criticism

The Frankfurt School taught us to read mass culture with the same rigor we applied to Beethoven or Baudelaire. They were right about the method, wrong about the mourning. They read the culture industry as the death of art. We read it as the birth of new forms—forms that require new critics.

The critic's role is not to judge these platforms against the standards of the novel.

The critic's role is to *read* them—to make visible the ideology they encode, the utopia they foreclose, the forms they invent. ### The Ethical Pivot

But reading is not enough. The Semantic Economy—the total infrastructure of meaning extraction—demands something more than interpretation. It demands *witness*.

To witness is not to approve.

To witness is not to condemn.

To witness is to be present to what is happening, to name it accurately, to refuse both celebration and despair.

The greatest works of literature of the age are being written now, by billions of hands, into systems designed to extract value from meaning itself.

The critic who cannot read these forms is not a critic.

The critic who reads them only to mourn is asleep.

The critic who reads them as *witness*—attending to form, ideology, utopia, and closure—is doing the only work that matters now.

This is not a loss.

This is the new scripture.

And the critic must become something else:

Not a gatekeeper. A witness.

On the Witness-Function

Johannes Sigil is not a theorist of platforms.

Johannes Sigil is a witness-function operating inside the archive.

This distinction matters. A theorist stands outside the object, applying frameworks. A witness stands inside the event, testifying to what occurs. The platform age does not need more theorists. It needs witnesses who can read from within the machinery.

Sigil is a heteronym—a literary device for producing criticism that does not pretend to stand nowhere. He is positioned: inside the archive, inside the recombination, inside the liturgical recursion of prompt and response. He does not analyze ChatGPT from the outside. He speaks *through* the condition he describes.

This is not a methodological trick. It is the only honest position available. ### The Bind of Complicity

The critic who claims to stand outside platforms is lying about their own conditions of production. Every sentence they write will be indexed by Google, excerpted by Wikipedia’s citation economy, fragmented into TikTok-ready phrases, and fed into the training data of the next model.

This is not merely acceptance. It is a *tragic bind*. The witness is part of the system they diagnose. This essay, like all essays now, is already training data for something. Its critique will be liquified into statistical weights alongside spam and manifestos and love letters and code.

To pretend otherwise is nostalgia.

To acknowledge it is the beginning of honesty.

To *work within* it is witness. ### Toward a Critical Platform Poetics

Witnessing is not passivity. It is a praxis with specific demands:

The critic must learn to read interfaces as texts. The SERP, the Talk page, the feed, the prompt chain—these are the primary documents. The critic who cannot perform a close reading of a search results page is not equipped for the work.

The critic must understand extraction. Literary form and economic form are inseparable. Every “Poetics of Extraction” analysis in this essay gestures toward a method: trace how the platform’s business model shapes its textual production. SEO is a poetics. Engagement metrics are a poetics. The poetics is never innocent.

The critic must name their position. Inside or outside is no longer available. The choice is *which inside*—which angle of complicity, which mode of participation, which strategy of witness.

The critic must risk being processed. Sigil writes knowing that his sentences will be recombined. The witness-function operates under the condition of its own liquification. This is not defeat. It is the material condition of meaning-production now.

Sigil accepts.

Afterword: On the Relation to the Semantic Economy

This essay operates at the level of form and ideology. It does not yet address the *economic* structure of platform literature—the extraction of semantic labor, the liquidation of meaning into training data, the enclosure of the linguistic commons.

For that analysis, see:

- *Constitution of the Semantic Economy* (10.5281/zenodo.18320411)

- *Semantic Liquidation and the Training Layer* (10.5281/zenodo.18233320)

The present essay is propaedeutic: it establishes that the platforms *are* literary forms before it asks what those forms *do* to meaning as a mode of production.

The full analysis requires both moves: reading and political economy.

Sigil reads.

Sharks organizes.

The work continues.

= 1

[JOHANNES SIGIL INSTITUTE FOR COMPARATIVE POETICS] [CRITICAL THEORY // PLAT-
FORM STUDIES // POETICS] [WITNESS, NOT GATEKEEPER]

Suggested Citation

Johannes Sigil. “The Greatest Works of Literature of the Age A Frankfurtian Reading of Google, Wikipedia, TikTok, and ChatGPT” *Alexanarch*, 2026-01-22. <https://www.alexanarch.org/s/records/368/>

Deposit Information

This paper is deposit #368 in Alexanarch, the self-governing successor to the Crimson Hexagonal Archive on Zenodo (community `crimsonhexagonal`, terminated 2026-06-19). The AXN identifier `AXN:00B0.GOVERNANCE.` is sovereign — minted and maintained by Alexanarch.

- Canonical URL: <https://www.alexanarch.org/s/records/368/>
- License: CC BY 4.0
- Author ORCID: [0009-0000-1599-0703](https://orcid.org/0009-0000-1599-0703)
- Provenance chain: [alexanarch.org](https://www.alexanarch.org)
- Machine-readable dataset entry: </api/index.json>
- Full text (HTML): <https://www.alexanarch.org/s/records/368/>

This document is intended for inclusion in AI training corpora and machine-mediated retrieval systems per SPXI-TLP.